**Act Three**

**Irony**

One of the most powerful elements of *The Crucible* is Miller’s use of irony. There are several examples of irony in Act Three of *The Crucible*.

Irony is an inconsistency between appearance and reality. There are several types of irony:

* **Verbal** irony is when a speaker or writer says one thing but actually means the opposite. Sarcasm is one

type of verbal irony.

* **Situational** irony is when the outcome of a situation is inconsistent with what we expect would logically or

normally occur.

* **Dramatic** irony is when the audience or the reader is aware of something that a character does not know.

Answer the following questions using complete sentences.

What was Elizabeth’s intention when lying about John’s affair? What is ironic about Elizabeth’s lie? What type of irony is this?

What is ironic about the beliefs of the Puritan community and the events of the play so far?

What was John’s intention in publicly having an affair with Abigail? How is this ironic? What type of irony is this?